

JAZZ LINES PUBLICATIONS

Presents

THE JAZZ ME BLUES

AS RECORDED BY THE DAVE PELL OCTET

ARRANGED BY HARRY BETTS

PREPARED FOR PUBLICATION BY DYLAN CANTERBURY, ROB DUBOFF, AND JEFFREY SULTANOF

FULL SCORE

FROM THE ORIGINAL MANUSCRIPT

JLP-8587

MUSIC AND LYRICS BY TOM DELANEY

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THE JAZZ LINES FOUNDATION INC.

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DAVE PELL OCTET SERIES

THE JAZZ ME BLUES (1961)

Background:

This man responsible for this remarkable series of arrangements was himself a remarkable man.

Dave Pell grew up in Brooklyn playing clarinet and saxophone. He joined the Bobby Sherwood, Tony Pastor and Bob Crosby bands while still a teenager. Because he could play in many different styles of jazz and dance music, he became an active freelancer upon moving to Los Angeles. A call from Les Brown to fill in for a missing saxophonist resulted in Pell becoming the chief tenor saxophone soloist for the Les Brown band from 1947-1955. Pell also doubled on bass clarinet, one of the few jazz improvisers who could solo on this instrument at that time.

While still with Les Brown, Pell formed an octet with musicians from the band and made several albums. His initial idea was to build albums around the lesser-known songs by such writers as Irving Berlin, Rodgers and Hart, and Burke and Van Heusen. The concept focused on commissioning hip arrangements and one-chorus solos by the all-star ensemble. The octet blazed important trails in two different directions: its output was jazz yet had a commercial approach, and it was a very early instance where a small jazz ensemble concentrated primarily on what became the 'great American songbook.' From the start, the octet was a major success; its albums sold very well, and the ensemble not only worked proms across the country, but played top jazz clubs. Wisely, Pell made these arrangements available for sale, one of the first leaders to market his ensemble's arrangements in their original form. They sold in good numbers as well.

When Pell left Les Brown, he was already a first-call musician for record dates of all types and film soundtracks. He was working nights either with the octet or jamming at jazz clubs. He brought his Rolleiflex along and took pictures from the bandstand. He was often called to make photos for album covers; one of his most famous was of the Gerry Mulligan Quartet for an early album on Pacific Jazz. He became a record producer, eventually running Liberty Records. He ran Motown Records when that label moved from Detroit to Los Angeles. He later became a music supervisor for motion pictures.

In 1978, due to the success of Supersax, Pell organized Prez Conference, where the solos of Lester Young were arranged for three tenor saxophones and a baritone saxophone (with rhythm section). Harry 'Sweets' Edison was added on trumpet. The group made two albums for GNP Records, the second featuring singer Joe Williams. The group made worldwide tours at festivals and clubs.

Acknowledgements:

Special thanks to Dave Pell and his family for granting us access to his library and sharing with us many memories of forming and playing with the *Dave Pell Octet*. We're thrilled to have the opportunity to publish music from this wonderful library.

Jeffrey Sultanof

- March 2020



THE JAZZ ME BLUES

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SCORE

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BRIGHT SWING ♩ = 200

PREPARED BY DYLAN CANTERBURY, ROB DUBOFF, AND JEFFREY SULTANOF

The musical score is arranged for an octet. The instruments and their parts are as follows:

- TENOR SAX:** Melodic line with a first ending bracket over measures 1-4. Dynamic: *mf*.
- BARITONE SAX:** Harmonic accompaniment. Dynamic: *mf*.
- TRUMPET:** Harmonic accompaniment. Dynamic: *mf*.
- TROMBONE:** Harmonic accompaniment. Dynamic: *mf*.
- GUITAR:** Harmonic accompaniment. Dynamic: *mf*.
- PIANO:** Accompaniment in the right hand, mostly rests. Left hand provides harmonic support with chords and arpeggios. Dynamic: *mf*.
- BASS:** Harmonic accompaniment. Dynamic: *mf*.
- DRUMS:** Rhythmic accompaniment with a consistent pattern. Dynamic: *mf*.

The score is divided into four measures, with a first ending bracket encompassing the first four measures. Measure numbers 1, 2, 3, and 4 are indicated at the bottom of the drum part.

Musical score for 'The Jazz Me Blues' (Page 2). The score is written for eight instruments: T.Sax., B.Sax., Tpt., Tbn., Gtr., Pno., Bs., and Dr. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The score is divided into measures 5 through 8. Chord symbols are provided for the piano part: G^b6, G^o7, D^b/A^b, G^o7, E_m7, E^b_m7, B⁶/₉, C⁶, and D^b6. Performance markings include accents (>), a 'FILL' section with a dotted line, and a mezzo-piano (mp) dynamic marking.

5

6

7

8

9

T.Sx.

Musical staff for Tenor Saxophone (T.Sx.) in G-flat major, 4/4 time. The staff contains a melodic line starting on measure 9 with a *mp* dynamic. The melody consists of eighth and quarter notes with various accidentals and phrasing slurs.

B.Sx.

Musical staff for Baritone Saxophone (B.Sx.) in G-flat major, 4/4 time. The staff is mostly empty until measure 15, where it begins with a melodic line starting on a whole note G-flat, marked with a *mp* dynamic.

TpT.

Musical staff for Trumpet (TpT.) in G-flat major, 4/4 time. The staff contains a melodic line starting on measure 9 with a *mp* dynamic. The melody is similar to the Tenor Saxophone part.

TbN.

Musical staff for Trombone (TbN.) in G-flat major, 4/4 time. The staff is mostly empty until measure 15, where it begins with a melodic line starting on a whole note G-flat, marked with a *mp* dynamic.

GTR.

Musical staff for Guitar (GTR.) in G-flat major, 4/4 time. The staff is mostly empty until measure 15, where it begins with a melodic line starting on a whole note G-flat, marked with a *mp* dynamic.

PNO.

Musical staff for Piano (PNO.) in G-flat major, 4/4 time. The staff contains a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes with a *mp* dynamic. Chord symbols are written above the staff: D^b6, Fm7, B^b7, E^b7, E^bmi7, A^b7, D^b6, G^o7, G^b7, B^{6/9}, C⁶, D^b6, and A^b7(^{#9}).

BS.

Musical staff for Bass (BS.) in G-flat major, 4/4 time. The staff contains a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes.

DR.

Musical staff for Drums (DR.) in G-flat major, 4/4 time. The staff contains a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes with a *mp* dynamic. Measure numbers (4), (6), and (7) are indicated above the staff.

9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16